# **Project Data Summary Sheet 157**

Project Number	SEA 1180 Phase 1
Project Name	OFFSHORE PATROL VESSEL
First Year Reported in the MPR	2018-19
Capability Type	Replacement
Acquisition Type	Australianised MOTS
Capability Manager	Chief of Navy
Government 1st Pass Approval	Apr 16
Government 2nd Pass Approval (or key Government pre-Second Pass Approval)	Nov 17
Budget at 2 <sup>nd</sup> Pass Approval (or key Government pre-Second Pass Approval)	\$3,639.1m
Total Approved Budget (Current)	\$3,701.4m
2019-20 Budget	\$248.9m
Project Stage	Detailed Design Review (s)
Complexity	ACAT II



# Section 1 - Project Summary

## 1.1 Project Description

Project SEA 1180 Phase 1 Offshore Patrol Vessel (OPV) will acquire 12 new vessels based on an existing design, to replace and improve upon the capability delivered by the 13 Armidale Class Patrol Boats (ACPB). The primary role of the SEA 1180 Phase 1 OPV will be maritime patrol and response operations in support of the National Civil Surveillance Program (NCSP) in order to contribute to protecting Australia's territory, territorial seas, and Economic Exclusion Zone (EEZ) (Constabulary Tasks). In addition to the 12 OPVs the Project will acquire, through a separate contract, the sea boats for the vessels. These consist of two Rigid Hull Inflatable Boats and one Rapid Intercept Craft for each OPV.

#### 1.2 Current Status

### Cost Performance

### In-vea

The project achieved \$227.2m spend out of \$248.9m budget. The EOFY variance is a result of a partial slippage of Luerssen MS6-Production Readiness Review & CCP for Simulators until the next FY. In addition spend on GFE, PB Life Of Type Extension and Project office costs were lower than forecast.

## Project Financial Assurance Statement

As at 30 June 2020, project SEA 1180 Phase 1 has reviewed the approved scope and budget for those elements required to be delivered by the project. Having reviewed the current financial and contractual obligations of the project, current known risks and estimated future expenditure, Defence considers, as at the reporting date, there is sufficient budget remaining for the project to complete against the agreed scope.

## Contingency Statement

The project has not applied contingency in the Financial Year.

### Schedule Performance

The Project achieved Second Pass Government approval on 24 November 2017 and contract signature with Luerssen Australia on schedule on 31 January 2018. An intensive design review program has been conducted and the project commenced construction of the first Offshore Patrol Vessel in South Australia in November 2018 on schedule. A Whole of Ship Design Review was added to the program, and conducted in late October 2019. The Support System Detailed Design Review remains outstanding, rescheduled for November 2020.

The construction of the first OPV commenced on schedule in November 2018 in South Australia at which time the ships were announced as the Arafura Class. The contracted keel laying milestone for OPV 1 (Arafura) was achieved in February 2019 and the ceremony for Nuship *Arafura* occurred on 10 May 2019. Production of the second OPV commenced in June 2019, two months ahead of schedule. The keel laying for OPV 2 (Eyre) was achieved on 9 April 2020. OPV 3 (Pilbara) commenced construction in Western Australia ahead of schedule on 27 March 2020.

Nuship Arafura is expected to be delivered by Luerssen in December 2021 after which Navy will commence its Naval Operational Test and Evaluation (NOTE). Initial Operational Capability (IOC) is expected by December 2022. The Project is on track to achieve the Initial Materiel Release (IMR) and Final Materiel Release (FMR) milestones.

## 157 Notice to reader

Forecast dates and Sections: 1.2 (Materiel Capability Delivery Performance), 1.3 (Major Risks and Issues), 4.1 (Measures of Materiel Capability Delivery Performance), and 5 (Major Risks and Issues) are excluded from the scope of the ANAO's review of this Project Data Summary Sheet. Information on the scope of the review is provided in the Independent Assurance Report by the Auditor-General in Part 3 of this report.

# **Project Data Summary Sheets**

Auditor-General Report No.19 2020–21 2019–20 Major Projects Report

### Materiel Capability Delivery Performance

The project is on schedule to deliver 12 Offshore Patrol Vessels.

#### Note

Forecast dates and capability assessments are excluded from the scope of the Auditor-General's Independent Assurance Report.

#### 1.3 Project Context

#### Background

The SEA 1180 Phase 1 Offshore Patrol Vessel (OPV) Project will acquire 12 OPVs to replace the existing Armidale Class Patrol Boats (ACPB). The primary role of the Arafura OPV is constabulary operations and each ship will carry two crane launched 8.5m Rigid Hull Inflatable Boats (RHIB) and one 10.5m Rapid Intercept Craft (RIC) launched via the stern of the vessel.

In August 2015, the Government announced that SEA 1180 Phase 1 would become part of the continuous naval shipbuilding program and brought forward the construction of the OPV by two years to enable the start of the naval shipbuilding program by 2018.

In September 2015, the Government approved funding for the commencement of the Competitive Evaluation Process (CEP) for SEA1180 Phase 1. Interim Pass Project Approval was provided by Government in November 2015 and First Pass Approval was provided in April 2016.

The CEP consisted of an Analysis of Alternatives, a Risk Reduction Design Study (RRDS), a Request for Tender and an Offer Definition Improvement Activity. The Government also announced at First Pass that OPV designs from Damen (Netherlands), Fassmer (Germany) and Luerssen (Germany) had been shortlisted for the RRDS. Furthermore, the Government stated the first two OPVs would be built in Adelaide (Osborne Naval Shipyard) from 2018 and then transfer to Western Australia (Henderson Maritime Precinct in 2020.

The Request for Tender was released in November 2016. Upgrade of the Osborne Naval Shipyard was announced by the Government in December 2016. The CEP culminated with the Government announcing Luerssen as the preferred tenderer on 24 November 2017. The Government also announced that ASC Shipbuilding would be utilised for the first two OPVs and that the capabilities of Austal and Civmec would be used to build ten OPVs subject to the conclusion of commercial negotiations between Luerssen and Austal

The contract for the construction of 12 OPVs was signed with Luerssen Australia on 31 January 2018. Luerssen nominated Civmec to construct the remaining ten OPVs and contracted Civmec initially to acquire and prepare the steel and pipe for all 12 OPVs from Australian sources (where available). Luerssen also established contracts with L3 Communications as a systems integrator and Saab Australia for a Situational Awareness System. The Commonwealth elected to purchase the RHIBs and RICs based on Luerssen's OPV design directly from Boomeranger.

To reduce the risk associated with commencing construction, the OPV Platform System was divided into two platform design streams (Stream A and B) and design streams for major subsystems, the Situational Awareness System and the Communication and Navigation System. Stream A consisted of the six keel blocks of the ship's hull which represented the high maturity of design enabling production to commence. Stream A was subject to a design and production readiness review process enabling construction to commence on schedule. Stream B are the remaining blocks which comprise the remainder of the OPV Platform. The internal components of these blocks were subject to some design change to accommodate those aspects of the OPV design that were modified to comply with Australian Government legislation or to meet Navy's requirements for commonality or interoperability with other Australian Defence Force units.

The OPV Situational Awareness System includes a version of the Saab 9LV Combat System. The sensors and weapons to be integrated include a 2D radar, 40mm Gun, an Electro Optical Surveillance System, Electro Optical Device and Electronic Support Measures

The OPV Communication and Navigation System (CNS) includes an integrated electronic navigation system, internal and external communications systems such as Satellite Communication (SATCOM), Maritime Tactical Wide Area Network (MTWAN) and High Data Rate Line of Sight (HDRLoS) capability. The ship will also have an Integrated Platform Monitoring System. The Support System is based on new analysis built from a combination of new and existing support data. For that reason, it lags the development of the Platform System. CCP 007 adjusted the Support System development and also introduced a Whole of Ship Design Review enabling completion of the design phase.

The project did not undergo a Smart Buyer Risk Assessment due to it already having had a similar risk review as part of an Independent Assurance Review.

### Uniqueness

The Arafura OPV design is based on an existing design in service with the Royal Brunei Navy (Darussalam Class). Only minimal changes were necessary to meet Australian Legislative and Regulatory requirements and specific ADF communications and situational awareness needs, the inclusion of a bow thruster and an additional reverse osmosis plant.

## Major Risks and Issues

The project is monitoring the probability and impact of a potential delay to the contracted delivery dates for OPV 1 (Arafura) in part due to the impact of COVID-19 and restrictions on the number of personnel working within the ship. The project is managing the risk of possible delays in obtaining Explosive Ordinance and Armament Certification, including implications for program schedule and cost for the OPV Program.

Previously reported major risks and issues have been either retired or downgraded.

## Other Current Related Projects/Phases

Related Projects include:

SEA 5000 – Hunter Class future Frigate: Nine Hunter Class (FFGs) frigates will be based on BAE Systems' Type 26 Global Combat Ship design, modified to meet Australian requirements, and will be built in Osborne, South Australia as part of the Continuous Naval Shipbuilding (CNS) Program.

N2263 – Infrastructure Project for Arafura Class. The project will provide berthing, training, maintenance, logistics, and support facilities at HMAS *Stirling*, HMAS *Coonawarra*, and HMAS *Caims* to support the introduction into service of 12 new Offshore Patrol Vessels (OPV) being delivered by Luerssen.

### Note

Major risks and issues are excluded from the scope of the Auditor-General's Independent Assurance Report.

## **Project Data Summary Sheets**

Auditor-General Report No.19 2020–21 2019–20 Major Projects Report

# Section 2 - Financial Performance

2.1 Project Budget (out-turned) and Expenditure History

Date	oot Baagot	Description	\$m	Notes
		Project Budget		
Sep 15 Nov 15 Apr 16 Nov 17	7	Original Approval Interim Pass Approval Government First Pass Approval Government Second Pass Approval Total at Second Pass (or key Government pre-Second Pass Approval)	10.0 1.5 45.9 3,581.7 3,639.1	1 2 3 4
Jun 20 Jun 20		Exchange Variation  Total Budget	62.3 3,701.4	
		Project Expenditure		
Prior to	o Jul 19	Contract Expenditure - Luerssen Australia Other Contract Payments/Internal Expenses	(291.3) (62.3) (353.6)	5 6
FY to J	Jun 20	Contract Expenditure - Luerssen Australia Contract Expenditure - Boomeranger Boats Oy Other Contract Payments/Internal Expenses	(189.4) (2.7) (35.1)	5 7
Jun 20		Total Expenditure	(227.2) (580.8)	
Jun 20		Remaining Budget	3,120.6	
Notes		Nemaning Budget	3,120.0	
1	Funding onshore	in support of bringing forward the SEA 1180 Phase 1 project forward by two build.	years and establishing a co	ontinuous
2	Funding	for the conduct of the initial phase of the Competitive Evaluation Process (C	CEP).	
3	Continuation/Completion of CEP which included Project Support, a Risk Reduction Design Study and Schedule Protection Activities.			
4	This approval included \$103.7 million to support the transition from Armidale Class Patrol Boats to the new SEA1180 Arafura Class Offshore Patrol Vessels, including support for the life of type extension and lease extension of two Cape Class Patrol Boats (CCPB).			
5	Project M	ontract with Luerssen Australia Pty Ltd. The scope of this contract is explain lajor Contracts.		
6	Activity;	penditure prior to Jul 19 comprises \$21.4m for the Risk Reduction Design S §18.9m to Nova for Project Office Support and <mark>\$22.0m</mark> for other contract pa	yments/internal expenses.	
7	Office Si	penditure comprises \$6.0m Luerssen Australia Pty Ltd. Licence & facilit pport, \$3.5m EM Solutions and \$17.8m other operating expenditure, co spenditure not attributable to the listed contracts.		

2.2A In-year Budget Estimate Variance

Z.ZA III-year budget L	_Stilliate variance		
Estimate	Estimate PAES	Estimate	Defence's Explanation of Material Movements
PBS \$m	\$m	Final Plan \$m	
349.2	249.2	248.9	PBS - PAES: The variance is due to the reprogramming of activities, i.e. milestone on Spares and Pre-Preparedness Review.
Variance \$m	(100)	(0.3)	Total Variance (\$m): (100.3)
Variance %	(28.6)	(0.1)	Total Variance (%): (28.7)

2.2B In-year Budget/Expenditure Variance

2.2B in-year Budge	si/Experiulture v	allalice		
Estimate Jun	Actual	Variance	Variance Factor	Explanation
Final Plan \$m	\$m	\$m		
		(12.7)	Australian Industry	EOFY variance is primarily a result
			Foreign Industry	of a partial slippage of Luerssen
			Early Processes	MS6-Production Readiness Review
		(9.0)	Defence Processes	& CCP for Simulators until next FY.
			Foreign Government	Additionally, spend on GFE, PB
			Negotiations/Payments	LOTE and Project office costs were
			Cost Saving	lower than forecast.
			Effort in Support of Operations	
			Additional Government Approvals	
248.9	227.2	(21.7)	Total Variance	
		(8.7)	% Variance	

2.3 Details of Project Major Contracts

Contractor	Signature		Price at	Type (Price	Form of	Notes
	Date	Signature \$m	30 Jun 20 \$m	Basis)	Contract	
Luerssen Australia	31 Jan 18	1,988.0	2,457.2	Fixed with forecast Escalation	ASDEFCON (Complex)	1,2
Boomeranger Boats Oy	9 Oct 19	42.2	55.1	Fixed with forecast Escalation	Modified ASDEFCON	1,2

#### Notes

- Contract value as at 30 June 2020 is based on actual expenditure to 30 June 2020 and remaining commitment at current exchange rates, and includes adjustments for indexation (where applicable). Amounts expensed convert using the spot rate of the day therefore due to calculation method 30 June 2020 value will reflect a variance to prior reporting period.
- The price is the value in out turned dollars (as at June 20) using Commonwealth cumulative escalation indices. While price escalation models are built into the contract, the price at signature does not include an estimate across the forward commitment (expected expenditure). The price at 30 June 2020 includes this estimate, which is the reason for the large difference between the two figures.

Contractor	Quantiti	es as at	Scope	Notes
	Signature	30 Jun 20		
Luerssen Australia	12	12	12 Offshore Patrol Vessels	
Boomeranger Boats Oy	41	41	27 Rigid Hull Inflatable Boats and 14 Rapid Intercept Craft	

Major equipment accepted and quantities to 30 Jun 20

Nil Notes

N/A

## Section 3 - Schedule Performance

3.1 Design Review Progress

	Planned	Contracted	Achieved / Forecast	Variance (Months)	Notes
Platform System – Stream A	Jun 18	NA	Jun 18	0	
	Aug 18	NA	Aug 18	0	
	Oct 18	Nov 18	Nov 18	1	1
Platform System – Stream B	Jun 18	NA	Jun 18	0	
-					
	Nov 18	Dec 18	Dec 18	1	1
	Feb 19	NA	May 19	3	1
Command and Control	Jun 18	NA	Jun 18	0	
System (C2)					
	Dec 18	Nov 18	Nov 18	(1)	
	Mar 19	NA	Mar 19	0	
Communication and	Jun 18	NA	Jun 18	0	
Navigation System (CNS)					
	Jan 19	NA	Nov 18	(2)	1
				, ,	
	Apr 19	NA	May 19	1	
Support System (SS)	Nov 18	NA	Jun 19	7	1,2
, ,					
	Jun 19	Mar 20	Nov 20	17	1,2,3
Whole of Ship (WoS)	Oct 19	NA	Oct 19	0	2
,					
	Platform System – Stream B  Command and Control System (C2)  Communication and Navigation System (CNS)  Support System (SS)	Aug 18	Aug 18 NA  Oct 18 Nov 18  Platform System – Stream B  Nov 18 Dec 18  Feb 19 NA  Command and Control System (C2)  Dec 18 Nov 18  Mar 19 NA  Communication and Navigation System (CNS)  Apr 19 NA  Support System (SS)  Nov 18 NA  Apr 19 NA  Jun 19 NA  Mar 20	Aug 18 NA Aug 18  Oct 18 Nov 18 Nov 18  Platform System – Stream B  Nov 18 Dec 18  Dec 18  Feb 19 NA May 19  Command and Control System (C2)  Dec 18 Nov 18 Nov 18  Mar 19 NA Mar 19  Communication and Navigation System (CNS)  Apr 19 NA Nov 18  Apr 19 NA Nov 18  Apr 19 NA May 19  Support System (SS)  Nov 18 NA Jun 18  Apr 19 NA Nov 18  Apr 19 NA May 19  Support System (SS)  Jun 19 NA May 19  Jun 19 Mar 20 Nov 20	Aug 18 NA Aug 18 0  Oct 18 Nov 18 Nov 18 1  Platform System – Stream B Jun 18 NA Jun 18 0  Nov 18 Dec 18 Dec 18 1  Feb 19 NA May 19 3  Command and Control System (C2)  Dec 18 Nov 18 Nov 18 (1)  Mar 19 NA Mar 19 0  Communication and Navigation System (CNS)  Jan 19 NA Nov 18 (2)  Apr 19 NA May 19 1  Support System (SS)  Nov 18 NA Jun 18 0  Support System (SS)  Nov 18 NA May 19 1  Jun 19 NA May 19 1  Jun 19 NA May 19 7

### Notes

- 1 Variance was agreed by the parties at Contract Change Proposal (CCP) 001 and incorporated under Contract Amendment
- CCP 007, proposed to delay the Support System Detailed Design by 12 months and reduce the Support System Detailed Design milestone review value commensurate with the other detailed design milestone values in order to create new milestones for a whole of ship Detailed Design, Integrated Baseline Review (IBR) with ASC, and an IBR with Luerssen. The whole of ship Detailed Design will be a complete assessment of the detailed design including antenna arrays. The IBR milestones are proposed to finalise Luerssen's establishment of the Earned Value Management System (EVMS).
- The Support System Design Review has been delayed to allow a Logistic Support Analysis program to be established effectively and is expected to occur in November 2020. A Draft CCP to reflect the delay is under development.

## **Project Data Summary Sheets**

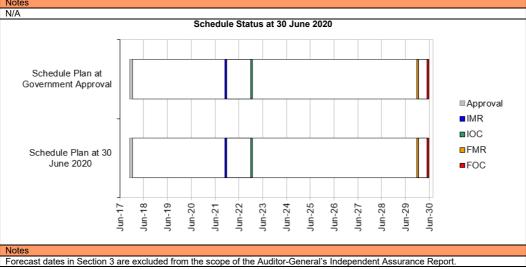
Auditor-General Report No.19 2020–21 2019–20 Major Projects Report

3.2 Contractor Test and Evaluation Progress

Test and Evaluation	Major System / Platform Variant	Original Planned	Current Contracted	Achieved / Forecast	Variance (Months)	Notes
Acceptance	OPV 1 (Arafura)	Dec 21	N/A	Dec 21	0	
Acceptance	OPV 2 (Eyre)	Sep 22	N/A	Sep 22	0	
Acceptance	OPV 3 (Pilbara)	May 23	N/A	May 23	0	
Acceptance	OPV 4 (Gippsland)	Feb 24	N/A	Feb 24	0	
Acceptance	OPV 5 (Illawarra)	Nov 24	N/A	Nov 24	0	
Acceptance	OPV 6 (Carpentaria)	Jul 25	N/A	Jul 25	0	
Acceptance	OPV 7	Apr 26	N/A	Apr 26	0	
Acceptance	OPV 8	Jan 27	N/A	Jan 27	0	
Acceptance	OPV 9	Oct 27	N/A	Oct 27	0	
Acceptance	OPV 10	Jun 28	N/A	Jun 28	0	
Acceptance	OPV 11	Mar 29	N/A	Mar 29	0	
Acceptance	OPV 12	Dec 29	N/A	Dec 29	0	
Notes						
N/A						

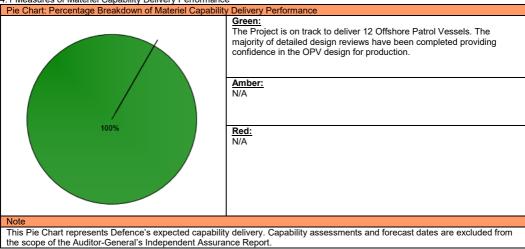
3.3 Progress Toward Materiel Release and Operational Capability Milestones

Item	Original Planned	Achieved/Forecast	Variance (Months)	Notes
Initial Materiel Release (IMR)	Dec 21	Dec 21	0	
Initial Operational Capability (IOC)	Dec 22	Dec 22	0	
Final Materiel Release (FMR)	Dec 29	Dec 29	0	
Final Operational Capability (FOC)	Jun 30	Jun 30	0	
Notes				



# Section 4 - Materiel Capability Delivery Performance

4.1 Measures of Materiel Capability Delivery Performance



4.2 Constitution of Materiel Release and	Operational Capability Milestones	
Item	Explanation	Achievement
Initial Materiel Release (IMR)	OPV1 delivered ready for Operational Test and Evaluation (OT&E).	Not yet achieved
	Those CASG Fundamental Inputs to Capability (FIC) elements including transition into sustainment as defined by the OPV Support System sufficient to support OT&E.	
	IMR is expected to be achieved December 2021.	
Initial Operational Capability (IOC)	IOC is achieved when Navy can be assured that the first OPV can demonstrate it can be operated and maintained to conduct effective and sustained operations.	Not yet achieved
	IOC is expected to be achieved December 2022.	
Final Materiel Release (FMR)	OPVs 1-12 delivered in accordance with Government Approved scope.	Not yet achieved
	OPV12 delivered ready for OT&E.	
	Those CASG FIC elements including transition into sustainment as defined by the OPV Support System sufficient to support OT&E for each OPV.	
	FMR is expected to be achieved December 2029.	
Final Operational Capability (FOC)	OPVs 1-12 complete in accordance with Functional Performance Specification and Operating and Support Intent.	Not yet achieved
	OPV12 delivered and OT&E completed.	
	All Facilities accepted.	
	All support organisations functioning.	
	FOC is expected to be achieved June 2030.	

## Section 5 - Major Risks and Issues

5.1 Major Project Risks

C. I Major I Tojour Hole	
Identified Risks (risk identified by standard project risk manage	ement processes)
Description	Remedial Action
There is a chance that the OPV communications system will be affected by the late delivery of Government Furnished Data leading to an impact on schedule.	SEA 1180 project is constrained by third party retransfer permission. The project office works closely with Luerssen to understand design assumptions which are made due to the lack of GFM, in particular technical data.
	This risk has been retired following identification and provision of the required communications system GFD, and receipt of GFM.

# **Project Data Summary Sheets**

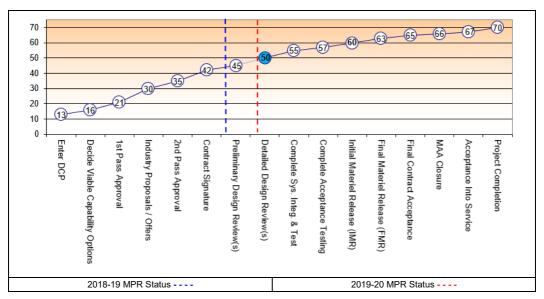
Auditor-General Report No.19 2020-21 2019-20 Major Projects Report

There is a chance that future Government Furnished Equipment changes will be imposed on the project leading	SEA 1180 was funded to develop a single baseline for Government Furnished Equipment which has been established.
to an impact on Cost.	Changes to that equipment driven by obsolescence or capability are managed outside of SEA 1180. The scope of any future changes will need to consider the Arafura Class as an In Service baseline.
	This risk has been retired with a baseline established and confirmed. The process for Engineering Change is established, and funding estimates through life will be included in the Sustainment budget.
There is a chance that the Arafura Class OPV production will be affected by demands on the available workforce leading to an impact on quality and schedule.	The cause of this risk is the limited resources shared across the Continuous Naval Shipbuilding program. It is also caused by competition with competing Industries.  The Naval Shipbuilding College is identifying the increased demands and skillsets required.
	The current workforce numbers are supporting the OPV build, however the risk continues to be monitored and is tracking at a Medium rating. The risk rating is reduced in part due to movement limitations created by COVID-19 and reduced employment security.
Emergent Risks (risk not previously identified but has emerged	during 2019-20)
Description	Remedial Action
There is a chance that the OPV Program will be affected by OPV1 (Arafura) not being delivered on contracted dates leading to an impact on schedule, cost and reputation.	Progress against the build schedule is closely monitored by the Project Office and Luerssen, particularly with regard to warning indicators and requirements to achieve the launch milestone and opportunities for regaining schedule lost due to COVID-19.
There is a chance that the OPV Project will be affected	The Project Office is working with the Certification Authority and the Explosive Ordnance suppliers to identify mitigations
by delays in the provision of certification for Explosive Ordinance and Armament leading to an impact on schedule and performance.	and work through options to improve the probability of a timely certification assessment.
Ordinance and Armament leading to an impact on schedule and performance.  2 Major Project Issues	timely certification assessment.
Ordinance and Armament leading to an impact on schedule and performance.	

# Section 6 - Project Maturity

6.1 Project Maturity Score and Benchmark

Maturity Score		Schedule	Cost	Requirement	Technical Understanding	Technical Difficulty	Commercial	Operations and Support	Total
Project Stage	Benchmark	7	7	7	8	7	7	7	50
Detailed Design	Project Status	7	7	8	7	8	7	5	49
Review	Explanation	<ul> <li>Requirement: The first 3 OPVs are progressing against the build schedule of the mature design.</li> <li>Technical Understanding has improved and will remain 7 until Support System Design is finalised.</li> <li>Technical Difficulty: OPV design is based on an existing Reference Ship Design.</li> <li>Operations and Support: Impact on the existing operating and support environment is known, planning has commenced on the transition from acquisition to sustainment.</li> </ul>							



# Section 7 - Lessons Learned

7.1 Key Lessons Learned

Description	Categories of Systemic Lessons
Nil	

# Section 8 - Project Line Management

8.1 Project Line Management as at 30 June 2020

o. 11 Toject Line Management as at 50 Julie 2020				
Position	Name			
Division Head	Ms Sheryl Lutz			
Branch Head	Mr Peter Croser			
Project Director/Manager	Mr Oliver Ciano			